

Description of Industry by NAICS Code

NAICS industry code #331222, Steel Wire Drawing.

This category includes steel wire drawing; barbed and twisted wire made in wire drawing plants; iron or steel baskets; iron or steel cable; iron or steel chain link fencing; drawing iron or steel wire from purchased steel wire or wire fabricating wire products; iron or steel fence gates and fittings; form ties made in wire drawing plants; iron or steel horseshoe nails; mesh wire made in wire drawing mills; iron or steel nails; iron or steel paper clips; iron or steel spikes; iron or steel staples; iron or steel tacks; tie wires made in wire drawing plants; welded iron steel wire fabric made in wire drawing plants; iron or steel wire cages; iron or steel wire carts made in wire drawing plants; iron or steel wire cloth; iron or steel wire garment hangers; iron or steel wire products made in wire drawing plants; and other iron or steel wire products.

NAICS industry code #332618, Other Fabricated Wire Product Manufacturing.

This category includes the following products made from purchased wire: automobile skid chains; bale ties; barbed wire; metal baskets; conveyor belts; brackets; noninsulated wire cable; cages; chain link fencing; chain; chicken netting; woven wire cloth; coat hangers; concrete reinforcing mesh; crab traps; cylinder wire cloth; delivery cases; grilles and grillwork; insect screening; key rings; lamp frames; nails; staples; paper clips; paper machine wire cloth; poultry netting; racks, wire rope; slings; spikes, stranded wire; tacks; tire chains; wire trays and woven window screening.

NAICS industry code #332613, Spring Manufacturing.

This category includes establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing springs from purchased wire, strip or rod.

NAICS industry code #331111, Iron and Steel Mills.

This category includes establishments primarily engaged in one or more of the following: (1) direct reduction of iron ore; (2) manufacturing pig iron in molten or solid form; (3) converting pig iron into steel; (4) making steel; (5) making steel and manufacturing shapes (e.g., bar, plate, rod, sheet, strip, wire); (6) making steel and forming pipe and tube; and (7) manufacturing electrometallurgical ferroalloys. Ferroalloys add critical elements, such as silicon and manganese for carbon steel and chromium, vanadium, tungsten, titanium, and molybdenum for low- and high-alloy metals. Ferroalloys include iron-rich alloys and more pure forms of elements added during the steel manufacturing process that alter or improve the characteristics of the metal being made.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, and Occupational Employment Statistics Survey